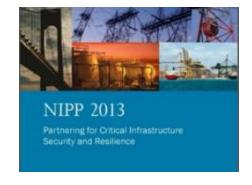
# Resilience: Modeling for Conditions of Uncertainty and Change

COL(Ret) Paul Roege, Idaho National Laboratory

Based upon Paper presented at Modeling and Simulation World 2014 Coauthors: Dr. Timothy Hope, WBB and Mr. Patrick Delaney, Davies Consulting LLC

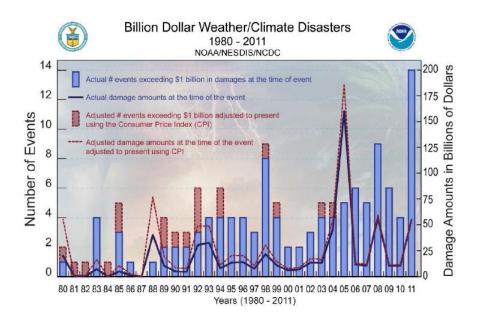
### Dealing with fuzz

- Resilience is the new community risk management concept
- Demands analytical techniques conducive to
  - collaboration,
  - complexity, and
  - uncertainty.



 Solutions may leverage existing civilian and military techniques, but require additional synthesis

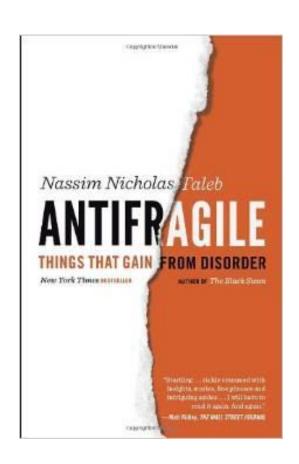
### Risks are evolving



- Natural events increasing in frequency, severity, and impacts
- Human threats (e.g., cyber) proliferating and diversifying
- Long-term changes apparent but complex and unpredictable

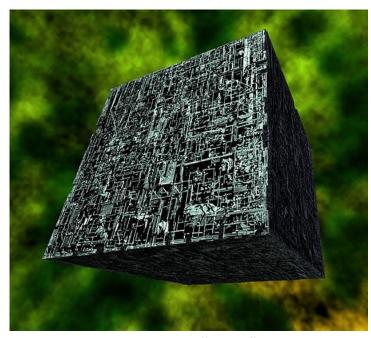
### Existing response inadequate

- Systems increasingly optimized for design point performance
- Actuarial methods do not address unknown risks
- Targeted protection vulnerable to evolving threats



### Analyzing Resilience

- Holistic orientation
  - Outcome focus regardless of event evolution
  - Interaction among physical, information, human domains
  - Balance robustness, protection, flexibility and readiness
- New analytical techniques required
  - Increased degrees of freedom
  - Interactive systems too complex for deterministic modeling
  - Must integrate qualitative, experimental methods



Star Trek "Borg"

# Department of Defense Capabilities Development Process

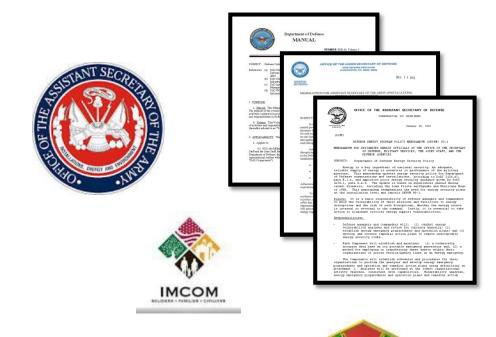
- Requirements driven by national security responsibilities
- Highly structured process
  - Roles & Responsibilities
  - Logic
  - Standards
  - Analytical methods
- Linked to DoD Resource and Acquisition processes





# Evolution in Military Energy Resilience Guidance

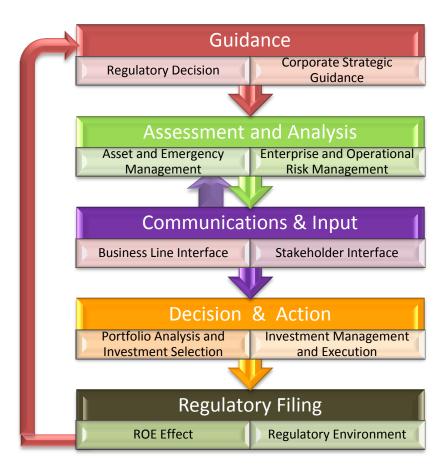
- Existing guidance addresses Critical Infrastructure Protection
  - DODM, DODI, ASA IE&E, IMCOM
- Deputy Under SECDEF directed 'power resilience review' (2014)
  - Adherence to resilience policies, determine gaps, develop remediation plans
- Army ACSIM / CG, IMCOM interview
  - Challenged to address the complexity, enormity and interdependencies of installation energy resilience





# Commercial Utility Capabilities Development Process

- Predominantly regulated industry
- Process evolution usually driven by actual or anticipated regulatory action
- Competing priorities
  - Shareholder desires for profitability
  - Rate payer desire for 100% safe, reliable, and resilient service
  - Regulator political implications and compliance issues
  - Constrained resources



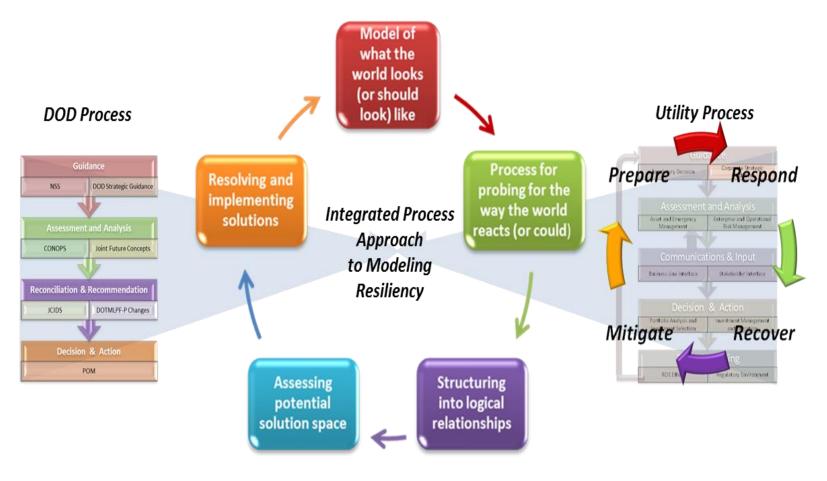


# Commercial Utility Temporal Framework

- Prepare Asset management decisions and investment in response capabilities
- Respond Processes, procedures and methods to respond to unplanned events
- Recover Leadership and coordination to reestablishing service as quickly as possible
- Mitigate System improvements, procedure changes, coordination and communication based upon lessons learned



## Integrated Approach to Energy Resilience M&S



#### Step 1: Elicit World View

#### **Sources**

- Interviews
- Expert models
- Workshops
- Plans
- Studies



#### Step 2: Characterize System Response

#### **Techniques**

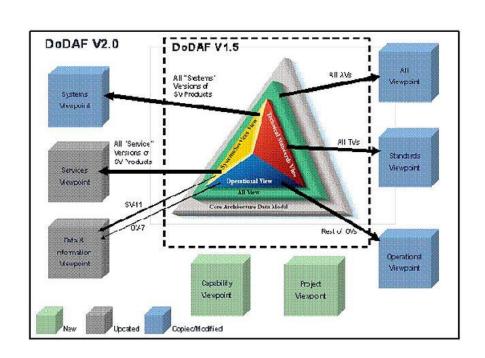
- Experiments
- Tabletop Drills
- Community Exercises
- Wargames



#### Step 3: Map System Taxonomy

#### **Templates**

- National Planning Frameworks
- DoD Architectural Framework
- Temporal Framework
  - ✓ Prepare
  - ✓ Respond
  - ✓ Recover
  - ✓ Mitigate



#### Steps 4/5: Identify/Select Solutions

#### **Tools**

- Emergency planning process
- DOTMLPFP
- Collaborative portfolio comparison



#### Conclusions

- Resilience demands conceptual changes
  - System versus protective focus
  - Outcome-oriented metrics
- Expert insights can inform structured methods
  - Characterize complex interactions
  - Examine response to change
  - Test multi-domain portfolio solutions
- Useful structures / techniques available
  - National Planning Frameworks
  - DoD Architectural Framework
  - Scenario-based exercises/games

